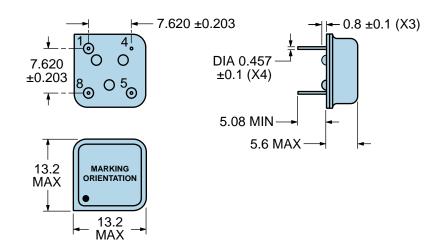


ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Nominal Frequency	84.000MHz	
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	±20ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C, Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Output Load Change, First Year Aging at 25°C, Shock, and Vibration)	
Aging at 25°C	±5ppm/year Maximum	
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°C	
Supply Voltage	3.3Vdc ±0.3Vdc	
Input Current	45mA Maximum	
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	2.4Vdc Minimum with TTL Load, 2.7Vdc Minimum with LVCMOS Load	
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	0.4Vdc Maximum with TTL Load or 0.5Vdc Maximum with LVCMOS Load	
Rise/Fall Time	4nSec Maximum (10% to 90% of waveform)	
Duty Cycle	50 ±10(%) (Measured at 50% of waveform)	
Load Drive Capability	15pF LVCMOS Load Maximum	
Output Logic Type	CMOS	
Pin 1 Connection	Tri-State (High Impedance)	
Tri-State Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	+2.2Vdc Minimum to enable output, +0.8Vdc Maximum to disable output (High Impedance), No Connect to enable output.	
Absolute Clock Jitter	±100pSec Maximum	
One Sigma Clock Period Jitter	±25pSec Maximum	
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	

ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C
Lead Integrity	MIL-STD-883, Method 2004
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A



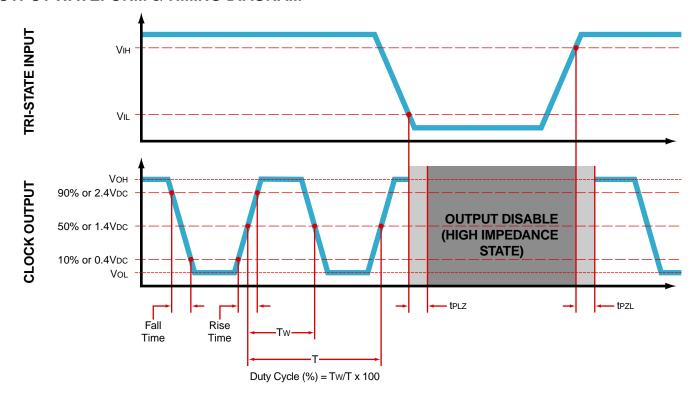
MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)



PIN	CONNECTION
1	Tri-State (High Impedance)
4	Ground/Case Ground
5	Output
8	Supply Voltage

LINE	MARKING
1	ECLIPTEK
2	EC13TS EC13=Product Series
3	84.000M
4	XXYZZ XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM





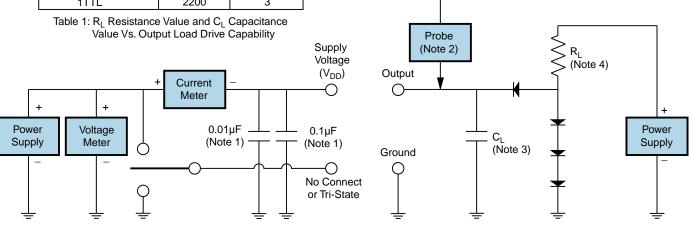
Frequency

Counter

Oscilloscope

Test Circuit for TTL Output

Output Load Drive Capability	R _L Value (Ohms)	C _L Value (pF)
10TTL	390	15
5TTL	780	15
2TTL	1100	6
10LSTTL	2000	15
1TTL	2200	3



- Note 1: An external 0.1µF low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a 0.01µF high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.
- Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.
- Note 3: Capacitance value C_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.
- Note 4: Resistance value R_L is shown in Table 1. See applicable specification sheet for 'Load Drive Capability'.
- Note 5: All diodes are MMBD7000, MMBD914, or equivalent.



Test Circuit for CMOS Output



Note 1: An external $0.1\mu F$ low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a $0.01\mu F$ high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value \dot{C}_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



High Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
T _s MAX to T _L (Ramp-up Rate)	3°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T _s MIN)	150°C
- Temperature Typical (T _s TYP)	175°C
- Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX)	200°C
- Time (t _s MIN)	60 - 180 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P)	3°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T _L)	217°C
- Time (t _L)	60 - 150 Seconds
Peak Temperature (T _P)	260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target)	250°C +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	20 - 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	8 minutes Maximum
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 185°C

T _s MAX to T _∟ (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T _s MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T _s TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX)	N/A
- Time (t _s MIN)	60 - 120 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P)	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T∟)	150°C
- Time (t∟)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T _P)	185°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target)	185°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	10 seconds Maximum 2 Times
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1



Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

T _S MAX to T _L (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T _s MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T _S TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T _s MAX)	N/A
- Time (t _s MIN)	30 - 60 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T _L to T _P)	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T∟)	150°C
- Time (t∟)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T _P)	245°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T _P Target)	245°C Maximum 1 Time / 235°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	5 seconds Maximum 1 Time / 15 seconds Maximum 2 Times
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1

Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum.

High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum.